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Strengthening cancer registry and surveillance in Mongolia

Measures of cancer survival at the population level rely on our extensive surveillance infrastructure, particularly a national network of high-quality cancer registries. These cancer survival measures offer new insights into the need to address inequities in cancer diagnosis, treatment, and survivorship. Together with data regarding cancer incidence and death rates, cancer survival measures provide a comprehensive picture of the burden of cancer in a population and support public health efforts to prevent new cancers, extend survival and quality of life after a cancer diagnosis, and reduce cancer health disparities.

Cancer is one of the top priorities facing health sector of Mongolia. Also, it is followed by huge amount of cost in social and economic burden. Cancer rate is estimated to increase not only in Mongolia but also in the world. Aside from that, it is the second leading cause of death in our country for last decade. Apparently, effective cancer prevention and control planning require constant cancer registries and reliable accurate data.

Project purpose lies for control cancer effectively through strengthening the cancer registry. During the study the Fellow will learn best practices and exchange experiences and find solutions to the facing problem.